



Derivative Rules - Multi Chain Natural and General Exponential to Derivative

1 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = (5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) & \text{B } f(x) &= (5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) \\ \text{C } f(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) & \text{D } f'(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(5e^x + 5 \cdot 9^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

2 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = (5e^x + 9^x)^4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= 4(5e^x + 9^x)^4 \cdot (5e^x + 9^x \ln 9) & \text{B } f(x) &= (5e^x + 9^x)^3 \cdot (5e^x + 9^x \ln 9) \\ \text{C } f'(x) &= 4(5e^x + 9^x)^3 & \text{D } f(x) &= 4(5e^x + 9^x)^3 \cdot (5e^x + 9^x \ln 9) \end{aligned}$$

3 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{(3e^x + 8^x)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= (3e^x + 8^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (3e^x + 8^x \ln 8) & \text{B } f'(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(3e^x + 8^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (3e^x + 8^x \ln 8) \\ \text{C } f'(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(3e^x + 8^x)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (3e^x + 8^x \ln 8) & \text{D } f'(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(3e^x + 8^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

4 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = (5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= (5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x)^2 \cdot (5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x \ln 2) & \text{B } f(x) &= 3(5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x)^3 \cdot (5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x \ln 2) \\ \text{C } f(x) &= 3(5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x)^2 \cdot (5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x \ln 2) & \text{D } f'(x) &= 3(5e^x + 5 \cdot 2^x)^2 \end{aligned}$$

5 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = (4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) & \text{B } f(x) &= (4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) \\ \text{C } f(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) & \text{D } f'(x) &= \frac{1}{3}(4e^x + 5 \cdot 8^x)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

6 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = (2e^x + 7^x)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= 2(2e^x + 7^x)^2 \cdot (2e^x + 7^x \ln 7) & \text{B } f(x) &= 2(2e^x + 7^x) \cdot (2e^x + 7^x \ln 7) \\ \text{C } f(x) &= (2e^x + 7^x) \cdot (2e^x + 7^x \ln 7) & \text{D } f'(x) &= 2(2e^x + 7^x) \end{aligned}$$

7 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{(2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= (2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x)^{-2} \cdot (2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x \ln 6) & \text{B } f(x) &= -(2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x)^{-1} \cdot (2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x \ln 6) \\ \text{C } f(x) &= -(2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x)^{-2} & \text{D } f(x) &= -(2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x)^{-2} \cdot (2e^x + 3 \cdot 6^x \ln 6) \end{aligned}$$

8 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the chain, natural exponential, and general exponential rules.

$$f(x) = (e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A } f(x) &= 3(e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x)^2 \cdot (e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) & \text{B } f'(x) &= 3(e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x)^2 \\ \text{C } f(x) &= 3(e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x)^3 \cdot (e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) & \text{D } f(x) &= (e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x)^2 \cdot (e^x + 4 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) \end{aligned}$$