



Derivative Rules - Multi Product General Exponential Trigonometric (with Rule) to Derivative

1 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\frac{d}{dx} a^x = a^x \ln a$$

$$f(x) = (4 \cdot 5^x) (3 \sin(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 5^x \ln 5) (3 \cos(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 5^x \ln 5) (3 \sin(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 5^x) (3 \cos(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 5^x \ln 5) (3 \sin(x)) + (4 \cdot 5^x) (3 \cos(x))$$

2 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\text{if } h(x) = f(x) g(x), \quad h'(x) = f'(x) g(x) + f(x) g'(x)$$

$$f(x) = (4 \cdot 7^x) (5 \cos(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 7^x) (-5 \sin(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 7^x \ln 7) (5 \cos(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 7^x \ln 7) (-5 \sin(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 7^x \ln 7) (5 \cos(x)) + (4 \cdot 7^x) (-5 \sin(x))$$

3 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\text{if } h(x) = f(x) g(x), \quad h'(x) = f'(x) g(x) + f(x) g'(x)$$

$$f(x) = (6^x) (\cos(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (6^x \ln 6) (\cos(x)) + (6^x) (-\sin(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (6^x) (-\sin(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (6^x \ln 6) (\cos(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (6^x \ln 6) (-\sin(x))$$

4 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\text{if } h(x) = f(x) g(x), \quad h'(x) = f'(x) g(x) + f(x) g'(x)$$

$$f(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x) (2 \cos(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) (2 \cos(x)) + (2 \cdot 8^x) (-2 \sin(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) (2 \cos(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x) (-2 \sin(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) (-2 \sin(x))$$

5 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\frac{d}{dx} a^x = a^x \ln a$$

$$f(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x) (5 \sin(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) (5 \sin(x)) + (2 \cdot 8^x) (5 \cos(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x) (5 \cos(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) (5 \cos(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 8^x \ln 8) (5 \sin(x))$$

6 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\text{if } h(x) = f(x) g(x), \quad h'(x) = f'(x) g(x) + f(x) g'(x)$$

$$f(x) = (4 \cdot 9^x) (\cos(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) (-\sin(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 9^x) (-\sin(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) (\cos(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) (\cos(x)) + (4 \cdot 9^x) (-\sin(x))$$

7 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos(x) = -\sin(x)$$

$$f(x) = (4 \cdot 3^x) (\cos(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 3^x \ln 3) (-\sin(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 3^x \ln 3) (\cos(x)) + (4 \cdot 3^x) (-\sin(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 3^x \ln 3) (\cos(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (4 \cdot 3^x) (-\sin(x))$$

8 Find the derivative $f'(x)$ using the product, general exponential, and trigonometric rules.

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos(x) = -\sin(x)$$

$$f(x) = (2 \cdot 9^x) (5 \cos(x))$$

$$\text{A } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) (5 \cos(x)) \quad \text{B } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 9^x) (-5 \sin(x))$$

$$\text{C } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) (5 \cos(x)) + (2 \cdot 9^x) (-5 \sin(x)) \quad \text{D } f'(x) = (2 \cdot 9^x \ln 9) (-5 \sin(x))$$